2012

Sociological Impact on Cancer

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Recommended Citation
http://spark.parkland.edu/ah/53

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Sociological Impact And Factors On Someone Who Has Cancer

The Impact of Cancer on Work

- Ability to Work
- Factors that influence a cancer survivor's ability to work include:
  - cancer type
  - type of treatment
  - impaired health or disability
  - education and physical workload
  - work environment

Cancer is considered a chronic illness disease. Mortality rates drop sharply after birth and begin to rise significantly during middle age. After age 65, rates of chronic diseases & mortality increase rapidly. (Mendola, 2016)

Primary Literature

Demographic Characteristics of Cancer

- Overall Skin Cancer
- Men: Prostate Cancer
- Women: Breast Cancer
- Children & Adolescents
- Lymphoma

Cancer is most prevalent in industrialized countries. Source: American Cancer Society. 2011.

Social Support

- Social support: Positive relationships between groups of people who interact and provide one another with emotional and functional support.
- Support networks may include: partners or spouses, family, friends, health professionals, and formal social support groups.

The Ten Leading Causes of Death in the United States, 1900 and 2007

- Number One: Heart Disease
- Number Two: Stroke
- Number Three: Cancer
- Number Four: Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease
- Number Five: Accidents
- Number Six: Diabetes
- Number Seven: Pneumonia
- Number Eight: Alzheimer's Disease
- Number Nine: Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis
- Number Ten: Cerebrovascular Disease