Parkland College

Natural Sciences Poster Sessions

Student Works

2014

Tornadoes: Are They Becoming More Frequent and Severe?

Matthew E. Westburg *Parkland College*

Recommended Citation

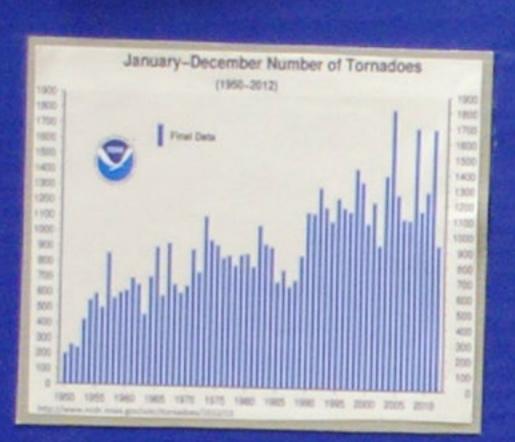
Westburg, Matthew E., "Tornadoes: Are They Becoming More Frequent and Severe?" (2014). *Natural Sciences Poster Sessions*. 57. https://spark.parkland.edu/nsps/57

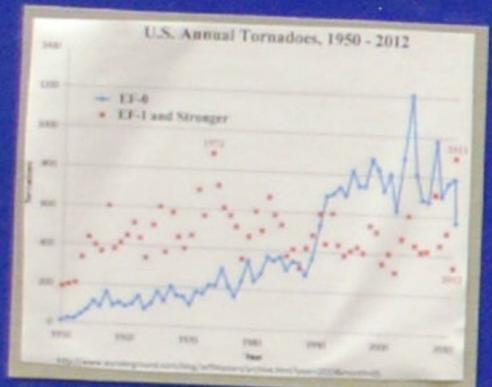
Open access to this Poster is brought to you by Parkland College's institutional repository, SPARK: Scholarship at Parkland. For more information, please contact spark@parkland.edu.

TORNADOES

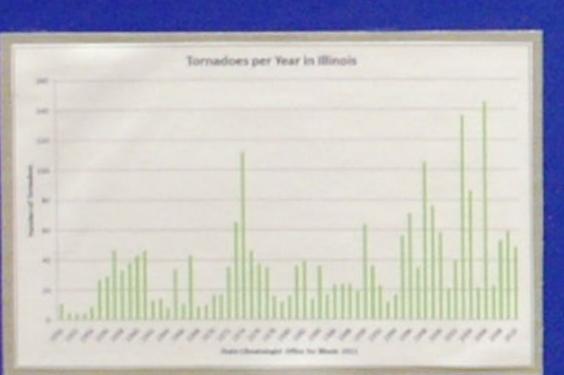
ARE THEY BECOMING MORE FREQUENT & SEVERE?

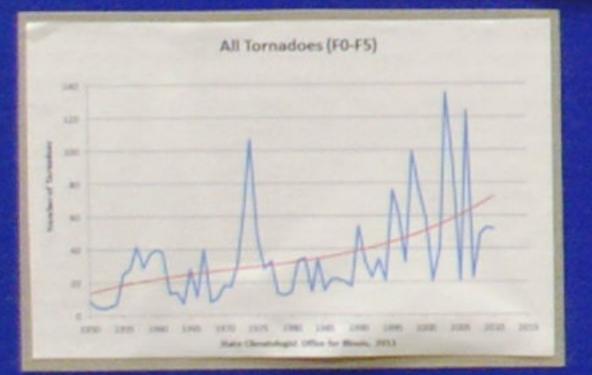
UNITED STATES

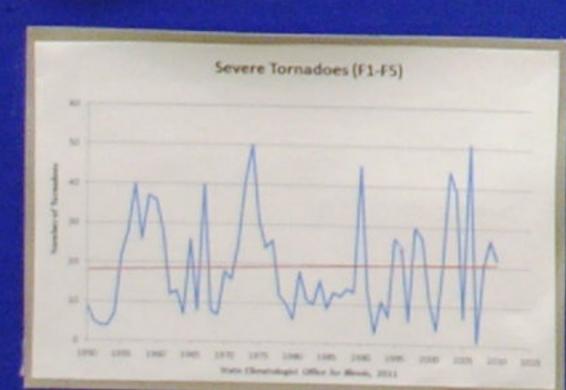


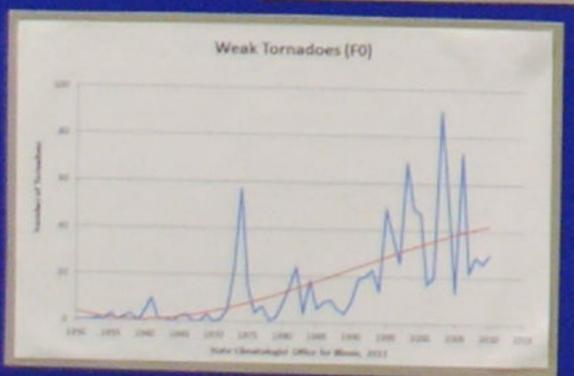


ILLINOIS



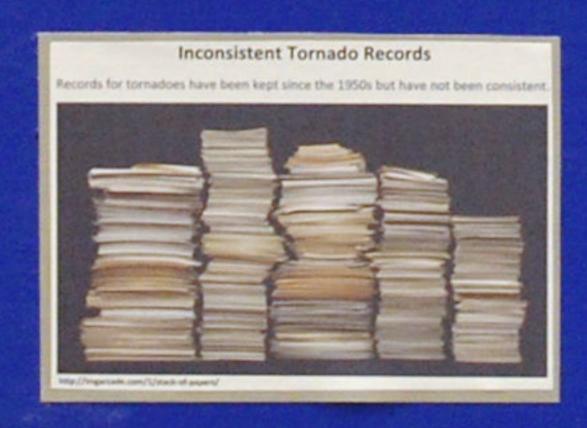




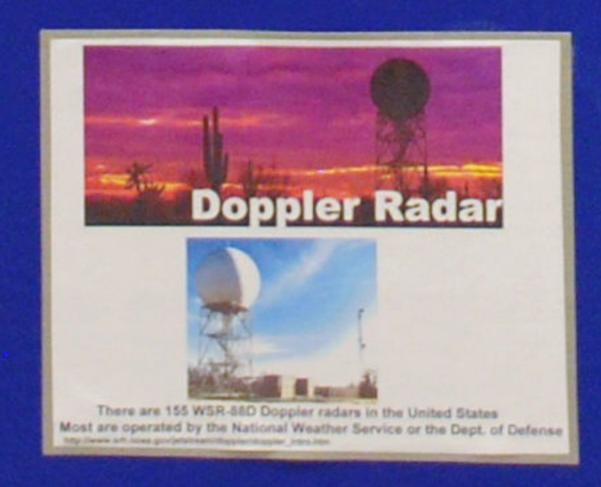


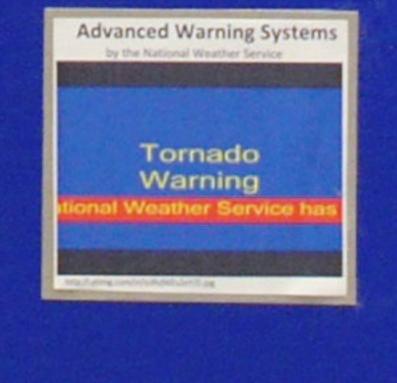


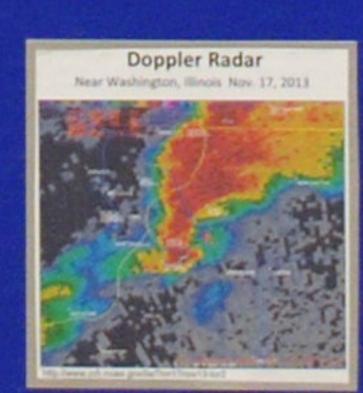
Tornado frequency and severity records have been affected by:



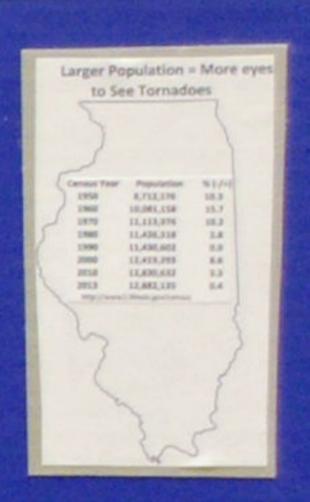
Fujita Scale		Enhanced Fujita Scale*	
F-0	40-72 mph winds	EF-0	65-85 mph winds
F-1	73-112 mph	EF-1	86-110 mph
F-2	113-157 mph	EF-2	111-135 mph
F-3	158~206 mph	EF-3	136-165 mph
F-4	207-260 mph	EF-4	166-200 mph
F-6	261-318 mph	57-5	>200 mph



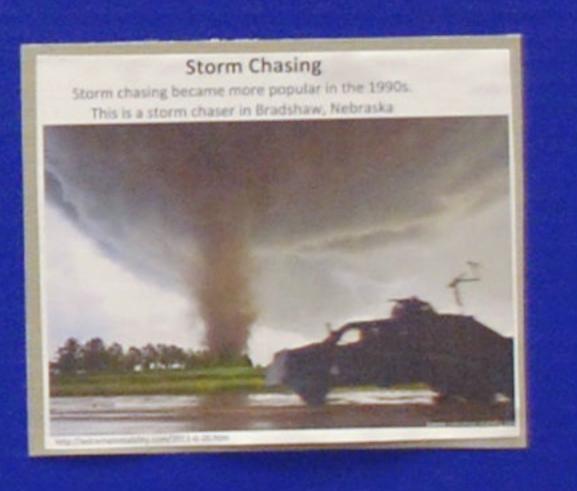


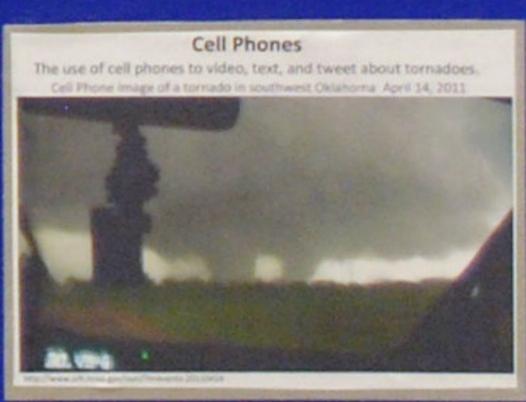


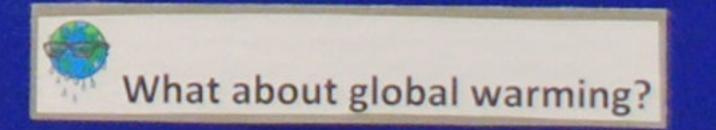
More Tornadoes are being spotted and reported











At the present time, most scientists don't support the belief that global warming has had an effect on the frequency and severity of tornadoes. According to Illinois State Climatologist, Dr. Jim Angel, "the number of observed tornadoes in Illinois has increased over time, but without an indication of any underlying climate change."