

2019

Combustion and Emission Characteristics of ABE/ IBE Diesel Blends

Kerry L. Lippold
Parkland College

Recommended Citation

Lippold, Kerry L., "Combustion and Emission Characteristics of ABE/IBE Diesel Blends" (2019). *A with Honors Projects*. 258.
<https://spark.parkland.edu/ah/258>

Open access to this Presentation is brought to you by Parkland College's institutional repository, [SPARK: Scholarship at Parkland](#). For more information, please contact spark@parkland.edu.



Combustion and Emission Characteristics of ABE/IBE- Diesel Blends

Kerry Lippold Jr.
Parkland College
Manny Rodriguez
CHE 102-001

Experimental Purpose

Finding Alternative Fuels²

- The Petroleum Crisis
 - Oil Drilling
 - Non-Renewable
 - Limited Fuel Source
 - Dangerous/Wasteful
 - Reserves Running Dry
 - Petroleum Demand
 - Large Portion of the Economy
 - Relatively Cheap Good
 - Mass Production
 - Established Means of Extraction
 - Petroleum Burning Emissions
 - NO_x
 - CO_2 and Other Green House Gases
- Proposed Experimental Solution
 - Cleaner Bio-fuels

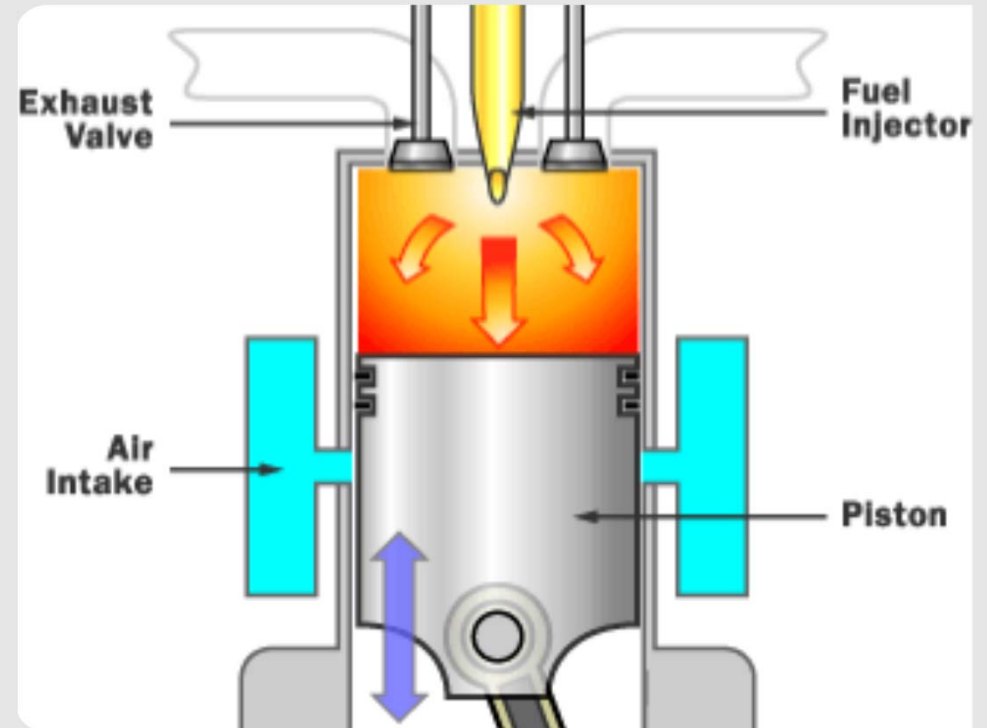


<https://climate.nasa.gov/solutions/adaptation-mitigation/>

Background

Combustion & Emissions¹

- Compression-Ignition Engine
 1. Intake
 2. Compression
 3. Power
 4. Exhaust
- Ideal Engine Combustion
 - $C_xH_yO_z + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$
- Actual Engine Combustion Reactants
 - $C_xH_yO_z + \text{Fuel Detergents}$
 - Air²
 - ~71% $N_2(g)$
 - ~21% $O_2(g)$
 - ~1% Other Inert Gases

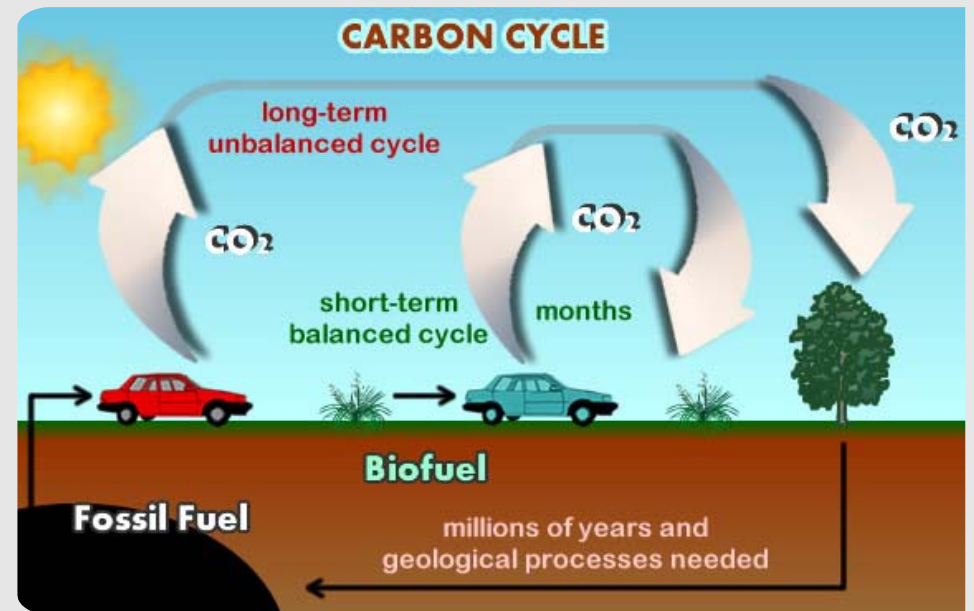


<https://auto.howstuffworks.com/diesel-two-stroke1.htm>

Experimental Fuels

Advantages vs. Disadvantages³

- Advantages
 - Balanced Carbon Cycle
 - Carbon is removed from the atmosphere to produce the fuel
 - Carbon is used up and converted relatively quickly
 - Relatively Renewable
 - Plant Growth
 - Fermentation
- Disadvantages
 - Expensive⁴
 - Fermentation and Production Process
 - Underdeveloped methods for extraction
 - Harmful Emissions
 - Typically used in diesel mixtures
 - Can produce more or less harmful emissions depending on the fuel

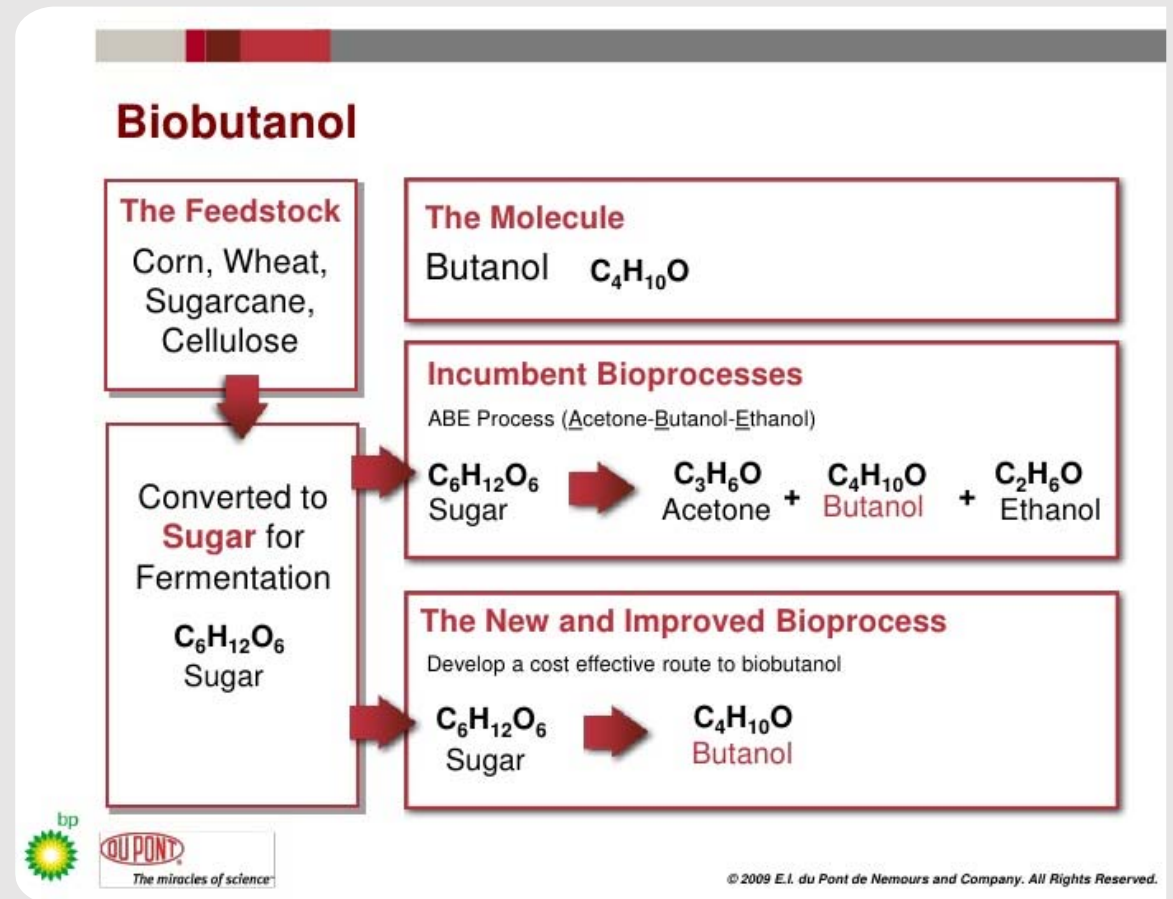


<http://www.myfloridahomeenergy.com/help/library/transportation/alternative-fuels-for-vehicles/#sthash.R0Q9xyaP.dpbs>

Experimental Fuels

Chemical Properties²

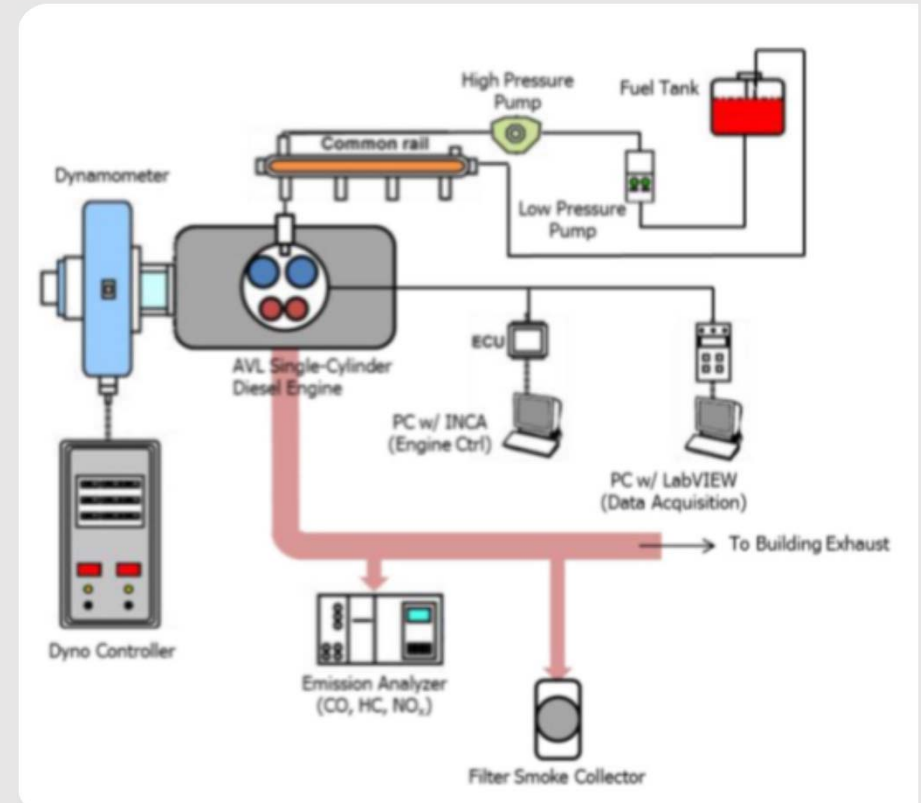
- Acetone-Butanol-Ethanol (ABE)
 - Acetone: C_3H_6O
 - Latent Heat (kJ/kg): 518
 - Auto-Ignition Temperature ($^{\circ}C$): 465
 - n-Butanol: C_4H_9OH
 - Latent Heat (kJ/kg): 582
 - Auto-Ignition Temperature ($^{\circ}C$): 434
 - Ethanol: C_2H_5OH
 - Latent Heat (kJ/kg): 904
 - Auto-Ignition Temperature ($^{\circ}C$): 420
- Isopropanol-Butanol-Ethanol (IBE)
 - Isopropanol: C_3H_7OH
 - Latent Heat (kJ/kg): 758
 - Auto-Ignition Temperature ($^{\circ}C$): 399
- Diesel
 - Ranges from: $C_{10}H_{22}$ to $C_{22}H_{46}$
 - Latent Heat (kJ/kg): 260
 - Auto-Ignition Temperature ($^{\circ}C$): 250



Experimental Method

Set-Up²

- Single Cylinder, Direct Injection
- Dynamometer
 - Controls Engine Speed and Load
- Horiba Analyzers
 - Measure: Air-Fuel Ratios, NO_x, Hydrocarbon, & CO Emissions
- Standard Filter Paper
 - Measure: Soot Emissions
- Shaft Encoder
 - Measure: Crank Shaft Angle



doi:10.4271/2017-01-2321

Experimental Method

Test Conditions & Procedure²

- EEL: Equivalent Engine Load
- MIT: Main Injection Timing
- TDC: Top Dead Center
- ABE20/IBE20:
 - 20% ABE/IBE by Volume
 - 80% Diesel
- Recorded Data
 - Brake Thermal Efficiency
 - Emissions

Items	EEL Cases	MIT Cases
Fuels	Diesel, ABE20, IBE20	
Engine speed (rpm)	1500	
Overall equivalence ratio	0.43	
Equivalent engine load (mg/cycle)	15, 20, 25	20
Pilot injection timing (°CA BTDC)	15 (3mg)	
Main injection timing (°CA BTDC)	4	0, 4, 8
Injection pressure (MPa)	60	

doi:10.4271/2017-01-2321

Experimental Results

Brake Thermal Efficiency (BTE)^{2,5}

- Engine Performance
 - ABE20 & IBE20
 - Show decreased BTE for all trials when compared to pure diesel
 - MIT (CA)
 - 0: Slows combustion speed and prolongs combustion
 - 4: Combustion center is close to TDC
 - 8: Creates negative work with an increase of fuel
- EEL
 - Increased load yielded increased thermal load
 - Combustion phase of diesel is closer to TDC
- Most Suitable Alternative: IBE20

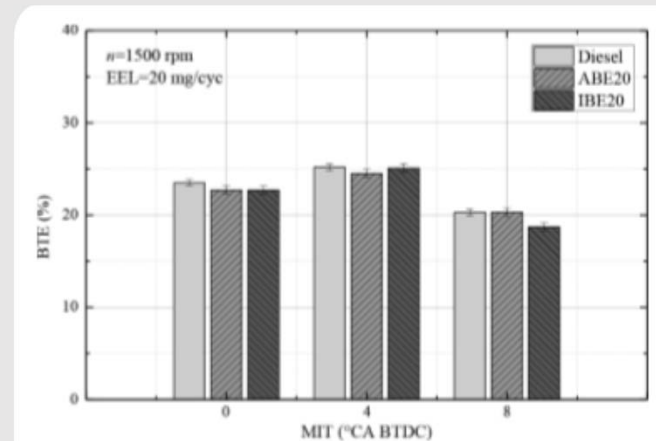


Figure 6. BTE under different MITs.

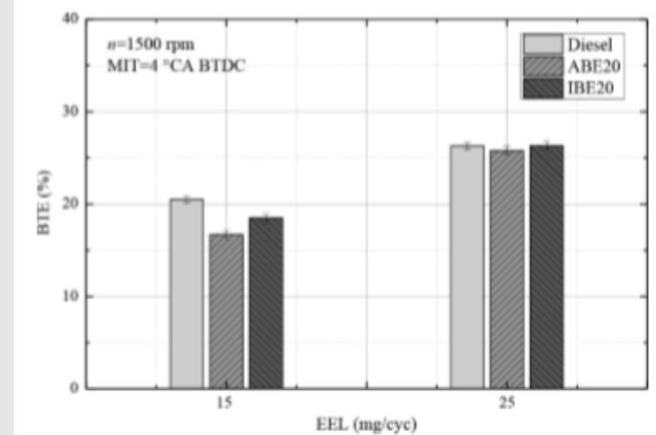


Figure 7. BTE under different EELs.

Experimental Results

Emissions²

- MIT
 - CO & HC Emission
 - Higher for both ABE20 & IBE 20
 - Suspected Reason: Incomplete Combustion
 - Most Suitable Alternative: IBE20
 - NO_x & Soot Emission
 - NO_x: Formation Temperature
 - Higher Emissions at Larger CA
 - Lower Emission than Diesel at CA: 0 & 4
 - Higher Emission than Diesel at CA: 8
 - Soot
 - Both Fuels Reduce Emission
- EEL
 - CO & HC Emission
 - Similar Results to MIT
 - NO_x & Soot Emission
 - Lower for both ABE20 & IBE20
 - Suspected Reason: High Oxygen Content

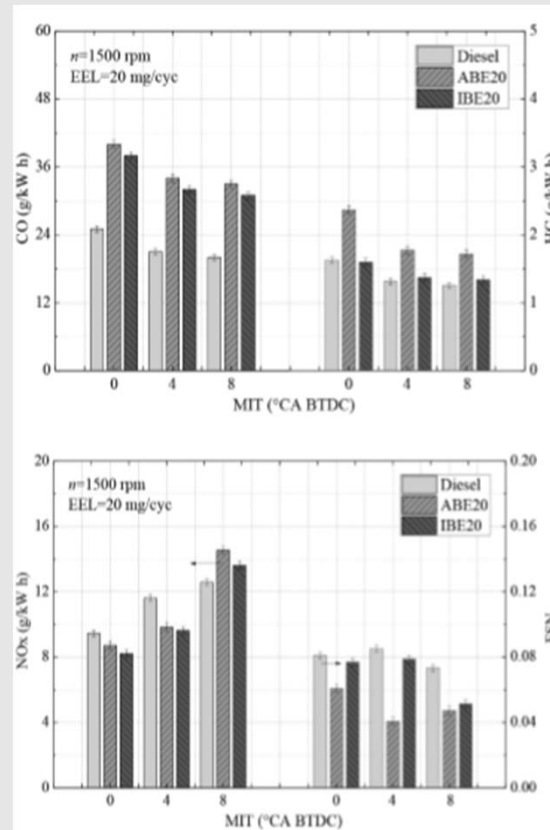


Figure 8. Emissions under different MITs.

doi:10.4271/2017-01-2321

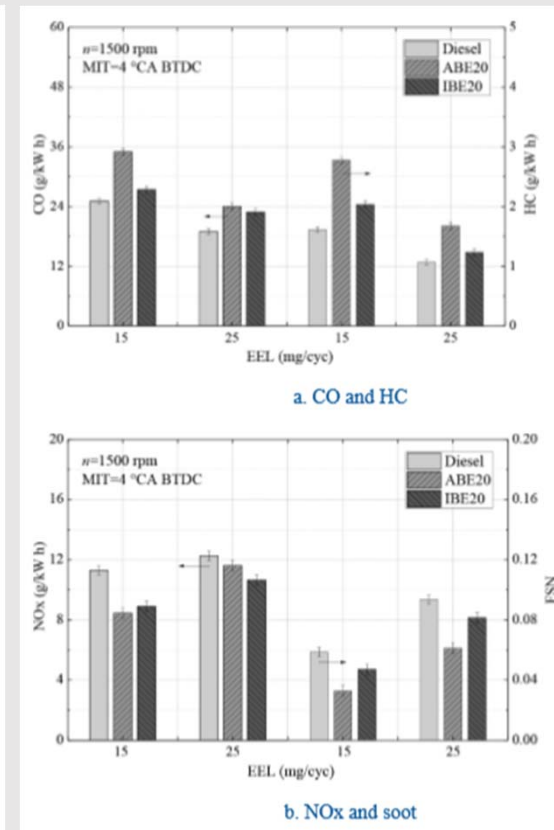


Figure 9. Emissions under different EELs.

Conclusion

- Experiments concluded ABE and IBE as potential alternatives to diesel.
- The production costs are too significant as they stand in terms of competing in the fuel market.
- ABE and IBE are much more sensitive to injection timing and slightly decrease brake thermal efficiency.
- There was a decrease in harmful emissions for both bio-fuels.
- They suggested conducting more research on the ignition timings and isolating ABE and IBE individual components to optimize the best of both fuel blends.

Works Cited

- [1] Emissions #1 – Combustion Chemistry. Toyota Motor Sales. <https://www.princeton.edu/ssp/64-tiger-cub-1/64-data/combustion-chemistry.pdf>.
- [2] Lee, T., Wu, H., Hansen, A., Lee, T. et al., "Comparison Study on Combustion and Emission Characteristics of ABE/ IBE-Diesel Blends in a Common-Rrail Diesel Engine," SAE Technical Paper 2017-01-2321, 2017, doi:10.4271/2017-01-2321.
- [3] <http://www.myfloridahomeenergy.com/help/library/transportation/alternative-fuels-for-vehicles/#sthash.R0Q9xyaP.dpbs>
- [4] Lee, T., Lin, Y., Meng, X., Li, Y. et al., "Combustion Characteristics of Acetone, Butanol, and Ethanol (ABE) Blended with Diesel in a Compression-Ignition Engine," SAE Technical Paper 2016-01-0884, 2016, doi:10.4271/2016-01-0884.
- [5] Torque and BHP Explained. How A Car Works. <https://www.howacarworks.com/technology/torque-and-bhp-explained>.